

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

T H U R S D A Y, O C T O B E R 11, 1792.

BRUSSELS, July 12.

SINCE the French have repossessed their old encampments, and have adopted their formidable plan of defence, nothing of a very important nature has passed between our troops and theirs. Frequent skirmishes are all that which every day become more bloody from animosity of both parties. On the 8th, a body of Uhlans, in pursuing some French Quivraux, were attacked by a squadron of Austrians, were obliged to retire, with a very considerable loss, besides losing a number of prisoners. The French have at length so far studied true interests as to restrict their plans in the guarding of their own country, and adding of horrors to whoever attacks them. This finally marshall Rochambeau's system; and it has been better for the French if they had admitted, and not rashly declared war against the Austrians.

The evacuation of Bavay, and raising the Malplacquet, were not effected without a violent action, which took place in the night. There had two captains of grenadiers, a Hungarian two first lieutenants, in all 15 officers killed. The 1st at night, 32 waggons came into this city with sick and wounded men; 20 more were expected this day. The French have recovered the whole province of Luxembourg, and all communication between the fortresses of the Pais Bas. They have seized a quantity of arms and ammunition which they found in the St. Hubert, at Battogne, and at Allons.

H A G U E, July 26.

an of accommodation, relative to the affairs of which is now on foot, and which appears to be chiefly principally by the court of England, and, for the present, the decision of the general, on the part to be taken by Holland in respect of powers.—Some hopes are entertained that an arrangement may be brought about, by which plan, as will satisfy all parties. The secret object of the mission of Messieurs Chaudon and Perigord is principally to forward this plan, which is to be submitted to the consideration of the emigrant princes at Coblenz, by Mr. de la Roche (son of lord Hawkebury), who has undertaken a journey for this particular object. This plan the basis of the present French constitution will be preserved, excepting as much as goes to the suppression of titles of nobility, who, it is thought, will have an establishment, by means of a chamber, or of hereditary peers, as in England. By this means tranquillity is expected to be restored in France; for the emigrant princes will be without further aid or assistance if they reject the plan, or insist on a restoration of exclusive privilege to the full extent enjoyed by them before the revolution; and the court of France, and many of the people, have, it is believed, agreed to the plan to the violent republicans, some of their are expected to be brought over to the measure by a bone thrown to them to pick. It is even said that the English government, on presenting these overtures, will declare itself against those who reject the conciliatory proposition; a circumstance which cannot fail to have great weight with the interested.

P A R I S, August 6.

the many other insulting and indecent to the king, the community have demanded, the day of the celebration of the birth of Louis should be set aside, and no longer be observed as a festival.—The assembly have decreed, that the edict on that subject should be annulled. The passions of men begin to subside, we are to collect more accurately the particulars of the tumult. To procure arms the populace broke the gates of the Arsenal, and several of the near the Tuilleries were set on fire.—The and part of the furniture in the palace, were destroyed; but those who attempted to carry away any privately, were punished with instant death. of the citizens, by way of triumph, carried away cloths of the Swiss on the points of their Amidst these scenes of horror, the women no signs of that sensibility natural to their sex, any of them mixed boldly among the mob. At eight o'clock the light of the flames, the approach of night, and the sight of many dead bodies, especially those of the Swiss exposed quite naked,

exhibited a spectacle awful and horrid beyond description.—The mob in their fury seemed determined to destroy every vestige of royalty; the statues of all the kings were overthrown; not even excepted that of the great prince Henry IV. At the throwing down that of Louis XV. several people were killed, and others very much hurt. Every signboard, which had the king's head, was destroyed; and the section of Marseilles have resolved to petition the assembly, that the words, "The king," on the buttons of the national guards, be erased, to give place to those of "Liberty! Equality!"—During the general confusion, M. Petion's father, a venerable old man, was carried about in triumph by the citizens, who congratulated him on having given birth to him whom they styled *their real friend*.—The citizens killed at the castle, have been interred with military honours.—Paris was illuminated last night, and every thing remains quiet at present.

L O N D O N, August 10.

The French national assembly, by the latest accounts, appear to be much less favourably disposed towards the petition of M. Petion, for the disposition of the king, than was at first imagined. Many of those who till lately have been most violent Jacobins, declaim against this petition, as unconstitutional and detestable.

Criminal justice is now conducted in Paris, pretty nearly on the same plan as in London. The fourth session of their criminal tribunal ended on July 29, in which six prisoners were condemned to capital punishment, thirty-two to imprisonment for different periods, and thirty-three acquitted.

Among the curiosities going to China with the splendid embassy, is a silver swan, so light in its construction, and chased in such a manner, as to appear at a very small distance perfectly natural. The head and the wings also seem to have a natural motion.

Extract of a letter, dated Coblenz, July 18.

"From Frankfort we have just received advices, stating, that a plot of the deepest dye had been laid to assassinate the new sovereign, and to re-act the dreadful tragedy lately performed at Stockholm.

"So secretly were the various machinations carried on, that the dreadful plot was upon the point of being put into execution, when one of the conspirators, struck with remorse and horror at the bloody deed, suddenly repaired to a magistrate, and revealed the treason, pleaded his contrition, and surrendered all that could be apprehended of his accomplices; relating, at the same time, who were the principals, and who the agents were for accomplishing the tremendous villainy.

"On taking these depositions, the magistrate immediately repaired to the duke of Brunswick, who, in conjunction with the elector, issued orders for arresting compe de Wittgenstein, commander of a regiment in the service of the French princes, and cousin of the Prussian general of that name; likewise Messieurs Lequin, La Ceste, De Pimodan, and Mr. Vinezac, a major of the national guard at Paris, resident near Coblenz."

It was yesterday circulated, with an air of authority, that the duke of Brunswick marched on the 4th instant. It was also reported, on what ground we know not, that it was not yet determined whether or not he would march at all. Were there any thing like union and co-operation between the king and the national assembly, general Dillon's account of the Austrian troops on the Flanders frontier, would render the latter report highly probable.

The recent misunderstanding between Russia and the Porte has not arisen from the intrigues either of the French or Poles, but from a difference respecting the appointment of an archbishop of Jassy. The Hospodar refused to ratify the choice of the Russians, after the departure of their army; a courier has been dispatched to Constantinople to take the sense of the Divan on the subject, and in the mean time all the metropolitans, throughout the province of Moldavia, are suspended.

Spain appears firm in her neutrality with respect to French affairs. As a proof of this, part of the line of troops formed towards the Pyrenees is withdrawn. One obvious reason for this moderation is the derangement of the finances; no minister having yet been found capable of bringing the receipt and expenditure to a level, and the usual temporary expedients for supplying the necessities or the extravagance of government having been attempted without success.

Whatever may be the success of the combination against France, it is not to be imagined, at least not on any principle of sound policy, that an attempt will be made to revive the old system of government, which, under Louis XIV. threatened the liberties of

all Europe.—The Protestant powers play a principal part in the drama; and it is not to be supposed that they wish to restore a system which would naturally resent and punish the share which the Protestants certainly had in effecting the revolution. The subjects of all the combined powers have a great stake in the French funds, and consequently it is much against their interest to do any thing that may lead to a bankruptcy.

An Irish officer in India, writing to a friend, and praising the gallantry of lord Cornwallis, mentions, that in the last action with Tippoo he received two wounds—one in the hand and another in the cane.

Aug. 12. By the official dispatches received yesterday from the British minister, at the court of Lisbon, we learn, that the Portuguese have joined the league against France.

The same accounts mention, that every hope of the queen's convalescence was at an end; and that a place was preparing for her reception, where she is to be confined for life.

Major Lambro, the Russian pirate in the Mediterranean, has sent a manifesto from the Archipelago to the several ambassadors at Constantinople, complaining of the Russian general's having made peace with the Turks, without rewarding him for his services. He swears to continue hostilities against the Turks, but to respect all other European powers.

SUSPENSION OF LOUIS XVI.

By an express received in town yesterday evening from Paris, we learn, that on Thursday the motion for the suspension of the king was discussed, and there appeared against the unhappy Louis a great majority.—It was then proposed, that he should be prosecuted as a traitor to the state. A long and warm debate, or rather contention, ensued; after which, it was determined, that this proposition, with the motion for his suspension, should be reserved until the following day, for final decision, when it was expected he would be formally suspended, and the exercise of the executive power invested in the hands of commissioners.

This may be considered as a prelude to greater enormities.—The royal family, stripped of their guards, must fall an easy sacrifice to the cursed fury of the Jacobins—and France, to atone the mighty guilt, deluged in blood.

Lord Hood's fleet is ordered into port—it is conjectured the appearance of this squadron in the Channel had occasioned jealousies both at the courts of Paris and Peterburgh, for whose satisfaction its dismantlement is determined.

It was currently reported on Friday in the city, that the would-be regicide Petion had been seized by a number of indignant citizens and hanged at a lamp-iron; but we are sorry to find, upon inquiry, that his execution is deferred until the duke of Brunswick's arrival. The report added, that the Jacobin traitors were dispersing, and this we have the happiness to announce, is actually the case.

Petion, and the Jacobins at his tail, begin to tremble at the consequences of royal profanation, and the last sanguinary expressions of the Parisian assassin, were merely the effects of despair. The seditious recreant and regicide, dare not remain in Paris an hour after the approach of the Imperial and royal armies.

Aug. 14. A letter received from Dover this morning mentions, that since Saturday last upwards of 200 persons have landed there from France; and that every packet brings a great number of persons, all giving most melancholy accounts of the situation in which they left their unfortunate country.

Aug. 18. The duke of Dorset, accompanied by a French ecclesiastic of distinction, who arrived at Neror's hotel on Sunday last, had yesterday a long conference with the minister, at his house in Downing-street, respecting the situation of affairs in France, since passing the decree of the national assembly for suspending the king.—Mr. Pitt's advice hitherto, has been to remain a spectator only of the French disputes, and in this, no doubt, he has met the concurrence of the sovereign and the nation; but since the dethronement of the king has taken place, a change of measures, it is probable, will, sooner or later, be the consequence.

At Boulogne, a man has been seized with a letter upon him, said to be written by the king of the French to the Austrian army. This, if true, will seal the destruction of the sovereign in the present temper of the people.

By letters from Coblenz we learn, with every appearance of truth, that the duke of Brunswick had fixed on the 16th, (Thursday last) for his march; on which day he was to begin the campaign; he was to move in three columns; and himself with a chosen band to push with all possible expedition for Paris.

The following is said to be the distribution of the forces now going to attack France, and the plan of their operations:—The army in the Brilgaw, of 40,000 men, is to penetrate into, and over-run Alsace. The second army, likewise of 40,000 men, is to enter Lorraine, and take Metz.—The third, of 50,000, marching through Brabant, is to invade French Flanders:—And the fourth, which is the strongest, consisting of 60,000, is to open its way into Champaign, and march directly to Paris.

Aug. 21. The British cabinet, it is rumoured, on Friday night last, came to the determination of recalling earl Gower, Mr. Lindsay, and all the members of our embassy at the French court.

Colonel Oswald, an able engineer of America, is the proprietor of a patriotic news-paper in Philadelphia; he has been some time in London, and is going to make a campaign against the Austrians and Prussians, under La Fayette, with whom he has successfully fought many a day in the cause of the Rights of Man.

PHILADELPHIA, October 3.

The ship New-York, captain Smith, arrived at New-York on Saturday last, in thirty days from Plymouth. The following is an abstract of important intelligence received by the above vessel:

The question on M. de la Fayette is decided by the national assembly—the committee reported that he had been guilty of high treason, &c.—at the close of the debate on this report, there appeared 224 members of the assembly in favour of accepting it, and 400 against it. On leaving the hall, the majority were grossly insulted by a great mob, among which were a number of fish women.—Accounts were received in London the 14th August, that the king of the French had been before the assembly, and was deposed.—The Swiss guards cut to pieces, and that the queen and dauphin had thrown themselves on the mercy of the national assembly—This happened on the 10th August.

The statues of all the kings were thrown down, and every vestige of royalty destroyed. The king is sent to the hotel of justice—he is furnished with a guard under the orders of the mayor of Paris—who with the commandant of the national guard are answerable for his safety; he is allowed 500,000 livres for his expences, until the meeting of a national convention.

"The national assembly declares that the king is suspended; and that both himself and his family remain as hostages; and that the assembly proceed to replace them; that the civil list cease to take place.

"GÉRONTE, president."

An important decree has passed the national assembly—"That as the patriot of to-day may be a traitor to-morrow, ALL OFFICERS SHALL BE CHOSEN BY THE SOLDIERS."

The fifteen southern departments of France have offered from 400,000 to 30,000 livres for the heads of the emperor, king of Prussia, &c. &c. and it is said the emperor and king of Prussia have offered a million for that of M. Petion, mayor of Paris. M. Clermont de Tonnerre, and a number of other persons of distinction were killed in the commotion on the 10th August. The Swiss guards consisted of 700 men, after having killed about 1000 of the mob, which amounted to 100,000—12 pieces of cannon loaded with grape shot being brought to bear on the guards, they were soon mowed down.

The decree of the national assembly to allure the Austrians to desert, has had such an effect, that 700, it is said deserted in one night—Paris was again in tranquillity at the date of the last accounts—Marshal Luckner had surrounded and taken 500 Austrians, with 220 horses and six cannon.

The new constitution of Poland is revoked; this measure was recommended by the king as the only alternative to prevent the further effusion of blood, and the dismemberment of the kingdom.

A cessation of hostilities has taken place between the Russians and Poles, and on the 29th July the treaty was to be ratified.

M. de la Fayette, speaking of the Jacobin club, in his letter to the national assembly, says—"Can you dissemble that a faction, and, to avoid vague denominations, that the Jacobin faction has occasioned all the disorders.—It is to that faction that I loudly impute them.

"It is there that, in public sittings, love of the laws is denominated aristocracy, and their infraction, patriotism.

"There the assassins of Defilles receive triumphs—the crimes of Jaurdan find panegyrics—there also the recital of the assassination that stained the city of Metz, excited internal acclamations of joy."

ANNAPOLIS, October 11.

On Tuesday last the jockey club purse of forty guineas, was run for over the course near this city, and won by Mr. Tayloe's sorrel horse Nontoaka.

Yesterday the jockey club purse of twenty guineas, was run for over the same course, and won by Mr. Tayloe's bay colt Seringapatani.

The following gentlemen are recommended to the voters of Maryland as electors of president and vice-president:

His excellency Thomas Sim Lee, Esq; Alexander C. Hanson, Esquire.

Charles St. Mary's, and Calvert counties, J. H. Stone, Esquire.

Anne Arundel and Prince-George's, John Hall, Esquire.

Montgomery, and that part of Frederick attached thereto, Benjamin Stoddert, Esquire.

Washington, Allegany, and that part of Frederick attached thereto, Philip Thomas, Esquire.

Baltimore-town and county, J. E. Howard, Esquire.

Harford, Cecil and Kent, Peregrine Lethbrury, Esquire.

Caroline, Talbot and Queen-Anne's, Edward Lloyd, Esquire.

Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester, John Done, Esquire.

This arrangement will give an elector for each of the districts within this state, and governor Lee and Mr. Hanson are such characters as it is expected all Maryland will willingly combine to elect.

CONTINENTAL.

A recent ANECDOTE.

Part of the Old American Company have, for two months past, played at the theatre in Lancaster, and it is but justice to Miss Smith's performance, to mention the following humorous anecdote—

The character of Jane Shore, in the tragedy of that name, was played by Miss Smith—An honest countryman, who by no means wants either sense or understanding, but who had never before seen a play performed, was very attentive in the gallery; and when Miss Smith appeared in the latter end of the tragedy, his feelings were so worked upon, that he shed tears, gave a loud sigh, and was making his way down as fast as he could. Upon being asked what ailed him, he replied, "Let me alone, I am going to buy some cakes for that lady—Isn't it a pity that that woman should die with hunger? Let me go; I will indeed; I care not for the king's commands, or any body's." Had this honest soul not been prevented, he actually would have appeared on the stage, and added a new, but superfluous, character to the dramatis personæ of Jane Shore.

An Eye-Witness in the Gallery.

Lancaster, Sept. 21.

In the 15th line from the top of the deposition of Richard Sprigg, jun. in last week's Gazette, for at times in Marlborough read was at times in Marlborough; and in the 2d line from the bottom, for and satisfied read and was satisfied.

A List of Letters

Remaining in the Post-Office, Allen's-Fresh, which, if not taken up before the first of January next, will be returned to the General Post-Office as dead Letters:—

JOHN C. JONES, Cedar Point, (4), free; James Cotrell, near Allen's Fresh, Peter Cartwright, Robert Slye, Messieurs Douglas and Sims, William Scott, Benjamin Reader, Benjamin Marshall, paid, Newport; Edward Mead, John Gibson, Charles county.

THOMAS A. DYSON, D.P.M.

Allen's Fresh, October 3d, 1792.

On MONDAY, 17th DECEMBER next, will be offered for SALE, at Frederick'sburgh,

TWO HUNDRED likely Virginia born SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children, of all ages and descriptions, on twelve months credit, the purchasers giving bond with approved security, to bear interest from the date if not punctually paid, a moderate discount will be allowed for all ready payments. Messieurs William Holberne and William Beale, are appointed my agents in conducting the sale.

JOHN TAYLOE.
Mount-Airy, September, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT a petition will be preferred to the general assembly at their next session, for an act, to repeal an act for the preservation of the breed of fish.

ALL persons indebted by bond, note or book debt, to the house of TRECOTHICK, THWAITES and WHEELWRIGHT, of London, and the house of Messieurs CRACROFT and HODGKIN, of Maryland, are desired to make immediate payment to Jesse Dewees, whose receipt shall be a sufficient voucher for any such payments, or to the subscriber.

WILLIAM COOKE.
Annapolis, October 5th, 1792.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.
RAN away the first instant, from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, a NEGRO MAN, named TOM, about 21 years of age, five feet two or three inches high, a likely well made fellow; had on when he went away, a pair of nankeen breeches, old woolen jacket, country linen shirt, and old felt hat; it is supposed he will make towards the Manor, on West river, as his father lives there, with Mr. Benjamin Owens. Whoever takes up and secures the said fellow, so that his master gets him again, shall receive twenty shillings reward, if taken above ten miles from home thirty shillings, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, paid by

JOHN WORTHINGTON.
October 9, 1792.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, near Fork-bridge in Anne-Arundel county, in November last, a small red and white BULL, marked with a swallow fork in the right ear. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

FRANCIS WHITE.
October 4, 1792.

STRAYED or STOLEN from Haberdashery last night, a GELDING of a deep black colour, about seven years old, full fifteen hands high, slender straight legs, low neck, carries his head and tail low, he may have some saddle spots on other white about him, I do not know that he has been branded, trots and has been used for the cart. He is shod before, he is the property of Mr. A. S. Whoever delivers him, shall receive TWO LARS REWARD, together with a reasonable pension for trouble and expences; and if he has been stolen, I will give TEN POUNDS to any who will discover the thief, so that he be convicted.

M. J. STON.
October 3d, 1792.

Taken by virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me and will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH only, on Wednesday 17th of October next,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, containing 250 acres, the property of JOSEPH PERKINS, lying and being in Kent county, and lying near the main road leading from Chester-town to George-town, and distant about one mile from Sims's tavern. The title will be made known on the day of sale. To begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given by

PHILIP REED, Secy.
Chester-town, September 14, 1792.

Taken by virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me and will be SOLD, on the PREMISES, at PUBLIC SALE, for CASH only, on Thursday 18th of October next,

A TRACT or parcel of LAND, containing 170 acres, the property of PEREGRINE LETHBRURY, lying and being in Kent county, and lying near the main road leading from Chester-town to George-town, and near the mills of John Wilkes the late col. Perkins. The title will be made known on the day of sale, which will begin at eleven o'clock. Attendance will be given, by

PHILIP REED, Secy.
Chester-town, September 14, 1792.

Agreeably to an order of the orphan's court of this county, will be sold, at public sale, for cash only, on the first MONDAY in November next, Port-Tobacco,

UPWARDS of SIXTY HOGSHEADS of new INSPECTED TOCACCOS JOHN FORBES, Attorney Elizabeth Ridgate, Adm. of Thomas How Ridge
Sept. 25, 1792.

Virginia, Richmond, Sept. 26, 1792. I REQUEST of Mr. PARKER FOWLER, of this county, to inform me in what part of that land, and what estate is in his hands belong to his nephew, Joseph Fowler, whose mother is Peter Defain, and removed to this state, and him with them. Joseph Fowler died in the army in 1777, and left me his widow and three children; they are now alive. In case of the death of Mr. Parker Fowler, I will be much obliged to his heirs, executors or administrators, or any other who will be so kind to give me the above information as speedily as possible through this channel, as most cheerfully defray the cost.

ANNE FOWLER

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber tend petitioning the general assembly of Maryland, at their next sitting, to pass a law to make a will, purporting to be the last will and testament of THOMAS SEMMES, now a lunatic, but who full possession of his reason at the time he executed the same, and for dividing the property, real and personal, as there stated, after making such provision for the said Thomas Semmes, as the wisdom of the assembly shall deem expedient.

James Semmes,
Joseph Milbourne Semmes,
Ignatius Semmes,
Aquila Scott,
Anne Semmes,
Mary Semmes,
Catharine Semmes,
Elizabeth Semmes.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber tends to prefer a petition to the next assembly of Maryland, to confirm his title to a tract of land, in Anne-Arundel county, which he claims by his late father James Sanders.

ROBERT SANDERS

THE subscriber being unable to discharge his debts intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, for an act of insolvency.

WILLIAM KEENE.
Dorchester county, September 12, 1792.

Anne-Arundel county, Sept. 1, 1792.
THE partnership of EDWARD and MORDE-
CAI HALL, being mutually dissolved, con-
fessing necessity calls for a final close of the business,
they may make good their engagements—there-
fore immediate payment from those indebted to the
partners is humbly requested—pray attend.
ED. and M. HALL.

Frederick-Town Gaol, Sept. 17, 1792.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber in-
tends to make application to the next general
assembly for an act of insolvency, to release him from
which he is unable to pay.
THOMAS SCHLEY.

NOTICE.
HEREBY forbid all persons hunting, with dog or
gun, on my lands lying on Fishing creek and Oy-
er Creek, and on my dwelling plantation near An-
napolis.
J. T. CHASE.
October 3d, 1792.

This is to give Notice,
THAT the subscriber intends to prefer a petition
to the next general assembly of Maryland, at
session in November next, to liquidate and adjust
him against the said state.
Mary Anne Elizabeth Pringley.
September 4, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MINISTER
of the PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH is
going in the parish of St. MARGARET'S WEST-
MINSTER.
CHARLES WATERS.
Anne-Arundel county, September 11, 1792.

John Hyde,
Conduit-Street, opposite Mr. GEORGE MANN'S
new building,
HERE he carries on the BOOT and SHOE-
MAKING BUSINESS, in all its various
branches, in the neatest and most fashionable manner,
at the lowest terms; having procured himself a
number of the best workmen, he is enabled to carry
on his business in the most extensive manner: and he
with pleasure, inform his friends and customers,
that he can serve them upon the most advantageous
and on the shortest notice, as he is and will be
supplied with the very best materials, and is
enabled to carry on his business with the greatest
activity and dispatch. Gentlemen wishing to pur-
chase negro shoes, may be supplied on the shortest no-
tice with any quantity of the best quality, and at the
reduced prices. He also carries on the
Tanning and Currying Business
in its various branches, in the neatest and best man-
ner, where the best prices are given for raw and dried
skins, and all orders for leather thankfully received
and promptly executed. He returns his sincere and
warm thanks to his friends and customers for the en-
couragement he has experienced in those two
businesses since his commencement, and hopes, by an
improving attention, to merit a continuance of their
patronage.
Annapolis, August 1, 1792.

Bacon's Laws
to be SOLD at the PRINTING OFFICE,
ANNAPOLIS.
may be had, the late edition of the LAWS of
MARYLAND. And also, a few copies of the
Laws, since that publication.

A Guinea Reward.
LAST, yesterday afternoon, from the ferry on the
road of Baltimore to Annapolis, a French Gold
WATCH, painted on the dial face *Nantes*, with a
band and small gold key. Whoever finds it,
will return it to Mrs. BRAWN's, in Annapolis,
the Printing-Office, shall receive the above re-
ward.
Annapolis, October 3, 1792.

PLANS
OF THE
City of Washington,
had at the computing-house of Wallace & Muir,
At HALF A DOLLAR.

Upper-Marlborough, Sept. 25, 1792.
COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a
mulatto lad, about 20 years of age, by the name
M., who says he belongs to Daniel McCarty, of
the county, Virginia; he is five feet four inches
half high; had on and with him the fol-
lowing articles of clothing, viz. one blue cloth over-
coat and ditto overalls, three osenabrig shirts, two
ditto trousers, two osenabrig jackets, and an old
bound with linen. The owner is desired to
claim away by the 8th day of November, or he
will fold for his fees and other charges, by
WILLIAM D. SEALE, Sheriff of
Prince-George's county.

S C H E M E O F A L O T T E R Y

For the purpose of disposing of valuable property in
the district of COLUMBIA, consisting of three
tracts or lots of LAND about one mile north of the
city of WASHINGTON; and fourteen lots in the
lower part of the town of GEORGE-TOWN, as
follows:

LOT No. 1, contains 107 acres, on there 43 acres
of meadow-ground, and a promising young ap-
ple orchard containing 175 bearing trees of choice
fruit. At the western extremities thereof is a deligh-
tful eminence that commands a view of the river Pa-
towmack and city of Washington. This lot contains
about 16 acres of wood-land, lies upon a main road,
and is not more than one mile from the city of Wash-
ington.

LOT No. 2, contains 84 acres, and bounds with
the preceding lot; about 35 acres thereof are in wood,
and about 17 acres in meadow-ground. This lot is
bounded on the west by the meandering waters of the
Piny-Branch. On this stream is a fall of 21 feet, and
abounds with quarries of excellent building stone.
On this lot are two beautiful situations for houses.

LOT No. 3, contains 39 acres, and bounds with
lot No. 1. This lot contains 20 acres of wood, and
has on it a beautiful eminence for a house as a country
seat.

The fourteen lots in George-Town are at that end
of the town which is contiguous to the city of Wash-
ington, and are all advantageous and beautiful situa-
tions.

4000 Tickets at 35s. each, dollars at 7s. 6d. is £.7000
No. 1, 1 prize of 107 acres of land at £. 20 per
acre 2140 0 0
2, 1 do. of 84 do. do. 1680 0 0
3, 1 do. of 39 do. do. 780 0 0
1 to 14, 14 lots in George-town,
at 65l. each, 910 0 0
1 prize in cash, 100 0 0
1 ditto, 50 0 0
1 ditto, 46 0 0
647 ditto, of 40s. each, 1294 0 0
667 Prizes.
3333 Blanks. £. 7000

M A N A G E R S.

Robert Peter, colonel William Deakins, Benjamin Stod-
dert, Thomas Beall of George, John Threlkeld, and Sa-
muel Davidson, Esquires, George-Town. George Walker,
Esquire, city of Washington. Wallace and Muir, and
John Davidson, Esquires, Annapolis.

This scheme contains several very valuable lots of
land contiguous to the city of Washington, whose in-
crease in value will keep pace with the growth of the
rising empire of the United States of America—Hence,
therefore, without any further definition, it will be
evident that for the small sum of one Guinea a valuable
and beautiful country seat may be obtained in the vi-
cinity of the capital of America; or a lot in a town
now possessing an extensive commerce.

The subscriber proposes drawing this Lottery in
George-Town, on the first Monday in May next, or
sooner, if the tickets are all sold, which he flatters
himself will be the case from his present prospects.
Deeds, with a general warranty, will immediately be
given for the lots of land, and the money for the cash
prizes will be paid on demand. Notice will be given
of the drawing in the public papers, and a list of the
fortunate numbers will be immediately published.
The crop now on the lots is reserved to the subscriber.
A plot of the lots may be seen at Mr. George Mann's.

TICKETS may be had of Messrs. Wallace and
Muir, John Davidson, Esquires, and Mr. George
Mann.

JOHN THOMAS BOUCHER.

20 Notice.

AS the subscriber cannot possibly know the fate of
a number of his LOTTERY TICKETS now
in Europe, for sale, before the last of September, he
is under the necessity of extending the time of draw-
ing his lottery to some time in November next.

J. T. BOUCHER.

Diffolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP under the firm of JOHN
PETTY and CO. is this day dissolved by mu-
tual consent—All persons indebted to the said part-
nership for dealings at their Annapolis, Queen-Anne,
Lower-Marlborough, and Port-Tobacco stores, are re-
quested to make immediate payment to John Petty, in
Annapolis, Henry Barnes, at Port-Tobacco, and Ro-
bert Moore, in Lower-Marlborough, who will settle
all claims against the said stores.

JOHN PETTY,
RICHARD YATES,
for self and
JOSEPH YATES.

Mr. Henry Barnes, at Port-Tobacco, and Mr.
Robert Moore, at Lower-Marlborough, will continue
to sell the goods at the said stores on the most reduced
prices, for cash or country produce.
Annapolis, August 27, 1792.

A Scheme of a Lottery,

For the purpose of disposing of the following property
belonging to the subscriber, in the city of Anni-
polis, viz.

A WELL finished two story framed HOUSE, in
School-street, 36 feet by 20 feet 10 inches, the
lot 50 feet front, and valued at £.650, this is the
highest prize. The next is a house and store, on
Church-street, now in the possession of Mr. Joseph
Burnetson, 46 feet front, valued at £.450.

ARCHIBALD CHISHOLM.

1 Prize of a house and lot on School- street, in fee simple	£.650
1 ditto of a house on Church-street, ditto ditto	450
1 ditto 12 neat mahogany chairs in hair seats and brass nails	36
1 ditto a mahogany desk and book- case	30
1 ditto a mahogany wardrobe	17 10
1 ditto a mahogany side-board table	17 10
1 ditto a set of mahogany dining tables	15
2 ditto a mahogany desk at £.12 10 each	25
4 ditto of 6 mahogany chairs at £.12 per half dozen	48
4 ditto of a pair of mahogany card- tables, at £.9 per pair	36
4 ditto of 6 walnut chairs, at £.8 per half dozen	32
2 ditto of a mahogany easy chair, at £.5 10 each	11
4 ditto of a field bedstead, mahoga- ny posts and vases, complete, at £.5 5 each	21
4 ditto of a mahogany breakfast table, at £.4 10 each	18
4 ditto of a gum field bedstead com- plete, at £.4 each	16
2 ditto of a mahogany claw table, at £.3 5 each	6 10
1 ditto of a mahogany claw table	3
2 ditto of a backgammon table, at £.2 5 each	4 10
6 ditto of a mahogany chamber ta- ble, at 40s. each	12
2 ditto of a fire-screen, at 35s. each	3 10
298 ditto cash, at 35s. each	521 10
346 Prizes,	1974
782 Blanks,	
1128 Tickets at 35s.	1974

As the above property is low, and the furniture at
cash prices, and there being but little more than two
and a quarter blanks to a prize, it is hoped the public
will see the advantage in purchasing tickets. The
lottery will be drawn some time in September next,
or sooner if the tickets are sold, of which public no-
tice will be given. Proper managers will be ap-
pointed previous to the drawing.

Tickets may be had of Messrs. George Mann,
John Randall, William Goldsmith, Richard Mackabin,
and at the Printing-Office.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 12th inst.
a negro man named WILL, about 23 years of
age, five feet nine or ten inches high; had on, when
he went away, a round felt hat, osenabrig shirt and
trousers, and a coarse cloth over jacket, short and
round, he had other cloaths with him, which cannot
well be described, he is likely, of a very dark com-
plexion, full faced, and has a remarkable fine set of
teeth, he is slow of speech, and rather awkward in
his manners, is a tolerable good blacksmith, but has
never worked as foreman of a shop; he was formerly
the property of Henry May, late of this county, black-
smith. This fellow was taken out of gaol at Alexan-
dria, in Virginia, about eight days ago, but has since
made his escape; when he was apprehended he had a
forged pass in his possession, and it is expected he may
have procured another. Whoever takes up the said
negro and brings him to me, or secures him in any
gaol so that I get him again, shall receive the above
reward.

RICHARD BEARD.

N. B. It is probable this fellow may endeavour to
pass for a free man, as there are many free blacks pass-
ing about the country; when he went to Alexandria
his intention was to have made his escape by water, I
therefore forewarn all masters of vessels, and others,
from harbouring or concealing him at their peril, if
they should they may expect to be dealt with agree-
ably to law.

R. B.

Anne-Arundel county, June 20, 1792.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing betwixt two
and three hundred acres, in Prince-George's
county, on the east side of the Eastern Branch, about
four miles from the federal city, and the same distance
from Bladensburg; there is a good meadow on it, and
some houses. Application may be made to Mr. Ri-
chard Ponsonby, in Bladensburg, or to the sub-
scriber, in Piscataway.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

November 23, 1791.

NOTICE.

I shall expose to SALE, on MONDAY the 15th day of October next, if fair, if not on the first fair day, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Mr. Townson's Tavern, in Baltimore county, about six miles from Baltimore town, the following property, to wit:

LOT No. 1, containing by survey 189 acres of land; formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, son of Walter, purchased by Mr. George Fitzhugh, and from which purchase he has been lately released by the Governor and Council, under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year 1792, and for other purposes.

LOTS No. 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, and half of one other LOT, No. 3, the whole containing by survey, 683½ acres of land; formerly the property of Daniel Dulany, of Walter, purchased by doctor Horatio Belt, and released therefrom as above.

One hundred and seventy-five acres of land, in Baltimore county, called *Jamies Park*, formerly the property of the Principio Company, purchased by James Hughes, and released therefrom as above.

LOT No. 2, containing 270 acres of land; formerly the property of Hyde's heirs, purchased by Nicholas Britton, and released therefrom as above.

One LOT of LAND, containing 330 acres, formerly the property of the Nottingham Company; purchased by Daniel Bowly, Esquire, and released therefrom.

LOT No. 8, containing 125 acres of land, formerly the property of the Principio Company; purchased by Richard Coale, and released therefrom as above.

LOTS No. 10 and 28, in *My Lady's Manor*; purchased by James Smith and James M'Fadon, containing 127 acres of land, and released as above.

And on TUESDAY the 16th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Mr. Daniel Grant's in Baltimore town, I shall expose to SALE, The WHARF and WAREHOUSES on Fell's Point, formerly the property of the Messrs. Christie; purchased by Charles Wells and Aquila Johns, and released from the said purchase: Also sundry LOTS in Baltimore town, and on Whetstone Point.

And on SATURDAY the 20th of October next, at Mr. George Mann's, in the city of Annapolis, two HOUSES and LOTS in the said city, one on Cornhill street, the other adjoining the Ball Room, formerly the Revenue office.

And on SATURDAY the 27th day of October next, at Mrs. Kemball's Tavern, in Frederick town, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose to SALE, the following property, to wit:

LOTS No. 55 and 64, containing about 200 acres of land, in the *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major John Davidson, and released therefrom by a decree in Chancery.

LOT No. 41, containing 133½ acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by major Alexander True-man, and released from his purchase, by the Governor and Council.

One third part of LOT No. 59, containing 157 acres of land, in *Manocacy Manor*; purchased by William Pendergast, and released therefrom by the Governor and Council. Also sundry other LOTS in, and near Frederick town.

The whole of the above property will be sold on a credit of four years from the first day of December next; one fourth payable annually in the following manner, viz. Two thirds of the principal in specie, or depreciation or other liquidated state certificates, or in stock created under the act of congress, bearing an immediate interest of six per cent. and the remaining one third in specie, or in stock created under the said act, bearing an interest of six per cent. after the year eighteen hundred, and the interest on the whole, in specie only, on the first day of December, annually. Bonds, with approved security, will be required of the purchasers.

RANDOLPH B. LATIMER, Agent,
for the State of Maryland.

September 19th, 1792.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC or PRIVATE SALE, at the dwelling plantation of Mr. THOMAS LANE, November 23, 1792, if fair, if not on the first fair day,

A PARCEL of valuable NEGROES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, and a fellow that is a house carpenter, and can work at the blacksmith's trade.

On the twenty-sixth, there will be SOLD, at the late dwelling plantation of Mrs. Mary Brooke, deceased, a parcel of good household furniture, and many other things. All persons that have any claims, against her estate, are desired to bring them in that day. The terms of the sale, will be known on that day.

Caroline county, September 3, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, to obtain an act to confirm his title to a tract of land, lying and being in Talbot county, called THE ADDITION, which is claimed by him in virtue of a contract for the sale thereof by JAMES DICKINSON, deceased, the attorney in fact of the late ANTHONY RICHARDSON, a British subject, to the father of the late ANDREW MEIN.

PETER EDMONDSON.

By virtue of a writ of *fiat facias*, from the general court, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on SATURDAY the fifth day of October next, on the premises for ready money,

A TRACT of LAND in Prince-George's county, called Stoney Fields, containing two hundred acres, late the property of Joseph Selby, now in possession of Rinaldo Johnson, tenant of said Joseph Selby. Taken at the suit of John Clapham and William Eddis, for the use of Samuel Lane. The sale to commence at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff of
Prince-George's county.
September 12th, 1792.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, in Upper Marlborough, on Thursday the eighth day of November next, if fair, if not the first fair day,

TWENTY valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN, among them are a valuable blacksmith, a young woman who is a good cook, and the others, which are grown, are good plantation labourers. This property will be sold on a credit of two and three years, the purchasers to give bonds with approved security, the interest to be paid annually.

HANNAH WEST, Executrix of
STEPHEN WEST, deceased.
Woodyard, August 28, 1792.

AN industrious Mechanic, capable of teaching PSALMODY in its different parts, who is willing to act as clerk and sexton to a PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, and can come well recommended, will be informed of an eligible situation, by making himself known to the Printer of this Gazette.

Cambridge, September 10, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the general assembly, at the next session, to make the road leading from EASTON to AKERS'S FERRY a public road down to the water, and to condemn a piece of land at the said ferry for the purpose of a ferry house.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that she intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly at their next session, praying that an act may pass, to authorise her to sell and dispose of, in behalf of her children, the land on which she now lives, which land was devised to her said children, by her late deceased husband, John Wallace.

JUDITH WALLACE.
Charles county, September 15th, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly, at their next session, for an act to release him from debts, which he is unable to pay.

WILLIAM STEPHEN COMPTON.
Washington county, September 25, 1792.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber intends to make application to the next session of assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

JOSEPH WOOD.
Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick-Town Gaol, Aug. 29, 1792.

THE subscriber having conveyed all his property to trustees, for the benefit of his creditors, and still finding that there is reason to apprehend that the whole will be insufficient to pay all claims against him, is constrained to give this public notice to his creditors, that he intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly, at their next session, for an act of insolvency in his favour.

W. WORTHINGTON.

NOTICE,

THAT I intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland to release me from my embarrassments, being unable to pay my just debts.

GIDEON CLARK.
George-Town, Kent county, Aug. 26, 1792.

I DO hereby, in obedience to the directions of the court, give notice, that a representation of the ruinous situation of the public gaol of Kent county will be laid before the next general assembly, to the end, that a law may be passed, should the same be thought necessary, for erecting a new one at the expense of said county. By order of the court,

BEN. CHAMBERS.
Kent county, July 29, 1792.

To be HIRED,
An excellent Woman Cook,

SHE is honest and industrious, and well qualified, from constant and considerable employment in her line of business, to manage the affairs of a kitchen. She has one female child, who must be taken with her. Inquire of THE PRINTERS.

September 6, 1792.

THE subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of this state, to be released from his confinement in gaol.

GEORGE ROBERTSON.
Somerset county, Maryland,
September 16th, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that I intend to petition the next general assembly of this state, to confirm my right part of a tract of land, late the property of JONAS MARGARET SMITH, which was conveyed to me by JAMES SCOTT, lying in this county, and is part of a tract of land called New Moxster.

JAMES COCHRAN.
Cecil county, State of Maryland,
September 7, 1792.

Maryland, Frederick county, Frederick town, August 29, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber tends to make application to the next general assembly for an act of insolvency to release him from debts which he is unable to pay.

GEORGE ADAMS.

I INTEND to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to compensate me for the real property of James Jones which was confiscated and sold.

JOHN ROBERTSON.
August 28, 1792.

To the Public.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application has been made to the general assembly of Maryland at its next session, for an act to appropriate the school land of Anne-Arundel county to the purpose of teaching reading, writing and arithmetic, to poor phans, and other children of the said county, whose nearest relations are incapable of affording them the benefit of such an education.

It is proposed, that the said land be sold; the money arising from the sale be added to the money already raised by voluntary contribution, and by late orphan school lottery, and that the whole be put in trustees for carrying into effect the benevolent design, for which the said lottery was instituted. No. 2312 of the Maryland Gazette, published May 5, 1791.

Annapolis, July 9, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, THAT we intend to apply to the next general assembly, for an act to confirm the sale of part of two tracts or parcels of land lying in Queen Anne's county, called St. MARTIN'S and BARNES, containing in the whole 152½ acres of land, which was heretofore sold by a certain Walter Meeds to John Fontleroy, and by him sold to James Jones, deceased.

DEKAR THOMPSON, administrator of GRIFFIN FONTLEROY. ISABEL JONES, widow of James JONES, and JAMES JONES, his wife, and JAMES JONES, representatives of the said JAMES JONES, deceased.

THE subscriber being unable to pay his debts, gives notice, that he intends petitioning the general assembly of this state, at their next meeting, for an act of insolvency in his favour.

GAVIN HAMILTON SMITH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber tends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to discharge him from debts which he is unable to pay.

EDWARD W. BOSWELL.

ON the second Wednesday in November next election will be held, in the city of Annapolis, for ten electors for the purpose of choosing a president and vice-president of the United States.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

WHEREAS a certain Elizabeth Jenifer purchased a tract of land, lying in St. Mary's county, called Papaw Fields, of the commissioners of the said county, and the subscriber afterwards married with the said Elizabeth, and at her desire and consent he exchanged the afore-said tract with a certain Thomas Smoot, for which he gave bond for the conveyance of the same, and being matter was settled the said Elizabeth died, which it out of his power to comply with his agreement. This is therefore to give notice, that the subscriber tends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to authorise and empower him to convey the same agreeable to the tenor of his bond.

W. B. SMOOT.

ANNAPOLIS:

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